After Final Office Action of November 19, 2007

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Docket No.: 2004(217246)

1. (Currently amended) A method of desensitising a <u>human</u> patient to a polypeptide allergen the method comprising administering to the patient a peptide derived from the allergen, wherein restriction to a MHC Class II molecule possessed by the patient can be demonstrated for the <u>peptide</u>,

peptide and the peptide is able to induce wherein in the method the peptide induces a late phase response in an the patient, and

individual who possesses the said MHC Class II molecule, wherein the peptide has a length of 5 to 50 amino acids and is not a Fel d I-derived peptide.

- 2. (Original) A method according to claim 1 wherein the peptide is included in a composition containing a plurality of peptides derived from the said allergen.
- 3. (Original) A method according to claim 2 wherein the plurality of peptides derived from said allergen includes peptides for which restriction to Class II DR molecules DR2, DR3, DR4 and DR7 can be demonstrated, provided that such peptides can be derived from the allergen.
- 4. (Original) A method according to claim 1 wherein the patient possesses any one of the MHC Class II molecules DR2, DR3, DR4 or DR7.
- 5. (Original) A method according to claim 1 wherein the patient possesses the MHC Class II molecule DR4.

6-12. (Cancelled)

13. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein the polypeptide allergen is any one of Der p I, Der p II, Der fI or Der fII and allergens present in any of the following: grass, tree and weed (including ragweed) pollens; fungi and moulds; foods; stinging insects, the chirnomidae (non-biting midges); spiders and mites, housefly, fruit fly, sheep blow fly, screw worm fly, grain weevil, silkworm, honeybee, non-biting midge larvae, bee moth larvae, mealworm, cockroach, larvae of

Tenibriomolitor beetle, mammals such as cat, dog, horse, cow, pig, sheep, rabbit, rat, guinea pig, mice and gerbil.

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14-15. (Cancelled)

- 16. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 15 wherein step (2) is carried out prior to step (3) and only candidate peptides which demonstrate restriction to the particular MHC Class II molecule are selected for testing in step (3).
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 16 wherein candidate peptides capable of inducing a late phase response and which demonstrate restriction to the particular MHC Class II molecule are selected as an immunotherapeutic agent.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 15 wherein determination of whether the candidate peptide demonstrates restriction to the said MHC Class II molecule is by using a T cell proliferation assay.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 15 wherein the allergen is selected from the group as defined in claim 13.
- 20. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 15 wherein in step (2) determination of whether the candidate peptide demonstrates restriction to the said MHC Class II molecule is by using the patient's cells in a T cell proliferation assay, and in step (3) determining whether the candidate peptide is able to induce a late phase response in the patient.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 15 wherein the MHC molecule is any one of HLA-DR, HLA-DQ, or subclasses thereof.
- 22. (Withdrawn) A peptide when selected by claim 15.
- 23. (Withdrawn) A database of peptides characterized according to their ability to bind an MHC Class II molecule and induce a late phase response in an individual possessing the said MHC Class II molecule.

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24. (Withdrawn) A peptide listed in a database according to claim 23, for use in therapy.

- 25. (Withdrawn) A method for selecting a peptide for use as an immunotherapeutic agent for desensitising a patient to an allergen comprising the steps of: a) tissue-typing the patient to determine MHC Class II type; and b) selecting, from a database of peptides which are known to bind to particular MHC Class II molecules and induce a late phase response in an individual possessing such MHC Class II molecules, one or more peptides capable of binding to the MHC Class II molecules possessed by the patient.
- 26. (Withdrawn) A method of determining an initial dose of an immunotherapeutic peptide for desensitising a patient to a polypeptide allergen, which peptide is derived from the allergen and wherein restriction to a MHC Class II molecule possessed by the patient can be demonstrated for the peptide and the peptide is able to induce a late phase response in an individual who possesses the said MHC molecule, the method comprising (1) determining the dose which is able to generate an observable late phase response in a given proportion of individuals who possess the said MHC molecule and in whom the peptide is able to induce a late phase response and (2) selecting a lower dose which is incapable of inducing an observable late phase response in substantially all individuals who possess the said MHC molecule and in whom the peptide is able to induce a late phase response.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 26 wherein in step (1) the given proportion is 50%.
- 28. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 26 wherein the lower dose is 0.01% of the dose which is able to generate an observable late phase response in the given proportion of individuals.
- 29. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 26 wherein in steps (1) and (2) the peptide is included in a plurality of peptides derived from the said allergen.